Understanding Taxes





Theme 3: Fairness in Taxes



The taxpayer—that's someone who works for the federal government but doesn't have to take the civil service examination.

- President Ronald Reagan



Fairness and Taxation



How to Measure Tax Fairness

- Ability to Pay
- Benefits
 Received



Ability to Pay





Taxes and Benefits Received



Regressive Taxes

Everyone pays the same fixed amount







User Fees

• Fund public services



Progressive Taxes

Higher Income = Higher Taxes





Tax Brackets

Approximate U.S. Tax Brackets - 2013	
Single Taxpayer	Rate
\$0 - \$9,075	10%
\$9,076 - \$36,900	15%
\$36,901 - \$89,350	25%
\$89,351 - \$186,350	28%
\$186,351 - \$405,100	33%
\$405,101 - \$406,750	35%
Over \$406,750	39.6%

Wealth and Income

- Wealth: houses, cars, stocks, savings
- Income: wages, interest









Proportional Tax



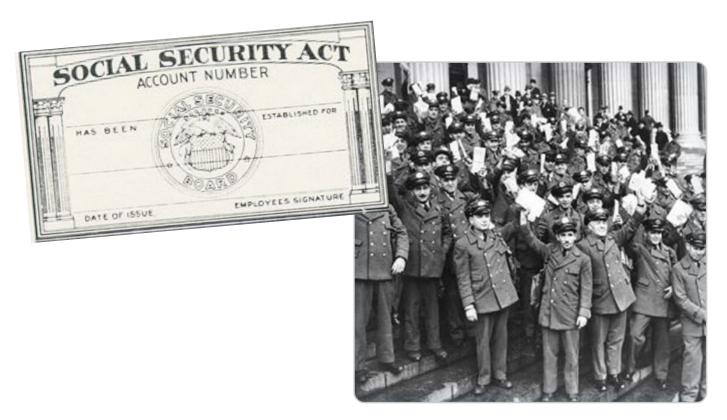








FICA & Social Security



Sales Tax Holiday



Fairness in taxes

Tax Freedom Day



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